

Ref.No.:GMSDS-6F22-2019A

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(Material) Safety Data Sh	eet(M)SD	S			
IDENTITY (As Read on Label and Line	Notice: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.				
6F22 LONG LIFE BATT					
Section I					
Manufacturer's Name	Telephone Number				
Guangzhou Nanhua Golden Power Electronic Co.,Ltd		(8620) 8326 6440 / 8326 6441			
Address (Number, Sheet, City, State, a	Fax Number	(8620) 8326 6554	A DUNER ELECT		
Rm.706, 7/F,R & F New World Center Guangzhou Middle Avenue,Guang Zho	Date Prepared	03-Jan-2019	The transferred to the transferr		
		Signature of Prepare	er (optional)	A SULANDER	
Section II – Hazardous Ingredie	ents/Identity	Information			
Hazardous Components (Specific Chem	ommon Names)	(contents, %/wt)	CAS No.		
Manganese Dioxide	(MnO ₂)		28.88%	1313-13-9	
Acetylene Black	(C_2H_2)		5.25 %	74-86-2	
Zinc	(Zn)		8.75 %	7440-66-6	
Zinc Chloride	$(ZnCl_2)$		4.16 %	7646-85-7	
Ammonium Chloride	(NH ₄ Cl)		8.70 %	12125-02-9	
Mercury	(Hg)		<0.0001 %	7439-97-6	
Lead	(Pb)		0.0020 %	7439-92-1	
Cadmium	(Cd)		<0.0005%	7440-43-9	

Section III – Physical/Chemical Characteristics						
Boiling Point $ZnCl_2$ & NH_4Cl aqua solution = $104 \ ^{\circ}C$	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1) Zn = 7.1, ZnCl ₂ = 2.91, NH ₄ Cl = 2.0					
Vapor Pressure (mmHg) $ZnCl_2$ aqua solution = 3mmHg at 20 °C NH_4Cl aqua solution = 2mmHg at 20 °C	Melting Point MnO_2 decompose at 535°C, $Zn = 420$ °C $ZnCl_2$ & NH_4Cl aqua = -2 °C					
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)					
Solubility in Water ZnCl ₂ & NH ₄ Cl – complete						

Appearance and Color

MnO₂ is a black powder, Acetylene Black is also a black powder, and Zinc is a silver metal.

 $ZnCl_2$ & NH₄ Claquais a color less liquid with stimulative order.

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL			
Incombustible	Not Available					
Extinguishing Media: See Special Fire Fighting Procedure						

Extinguishing Media: See Special Fire Fighting Procedure

Special Fire Fighting Procedure: In case of fire in an adjacent area, use water, CO₂ or dry chemical extinguishers if cells are packed in their original containers since the fuel of the fire is basically paper products. For bulk quantities of unpackaged cells use LITH-X (Graphite Base). In this case, do not use water.

Aswithanyfire, wearself-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of hazardous decomposition products.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

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Section V – R	eactivity Data						1	PUMER ELLER
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to	o Avoid	Do	not short circu	it charge or dispo	se of in fire
	Stable				20		in, enarge of any e	Przewyna *
Incompatibility (1	Materials to Avoid)		Hazardous	s polyme	eriza	ation will not c	occur.	
Hazardous Decor	nposition or Byprodu	ucts	Not Availa	able				
Hazardous	May Occur		Conditions to	o Avoid				
Folymenzation	Will Not Occur							
Section VI – H	Health Hazard D	ata	1					
Route(s) of Entry	. Inhalation	n?	Yes	Ski	in?	Yes	Ingestion?	Yes
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) only if when a withski	The battery cell ve nandey	ese chemicals v is mechanic ents Zn - NH yesshouldbea	are contained are contained are contained are contained are $_4$ Cl is ac avoided.	taine electr cidic	ed in a sealed c rically abused. and attack the	an. Risk of exposu The most likely ris skin and eyes. Con	re occurs, sk is acute exposure ntact of electrolyte
Section VII -	Ecological Infor	matic	on					
Cardnogenicity	NTP? Not Avai	ilable	IARC Mor	nographs	^{s?} N	ot Available	OSHA Regulated	? Not Available
Signs and Sympto	oms of Exposure	ZnO	Cl ₂ & NH ₄ Cl	can cau	use c	chemical burn	upon contact with	n skin.
Medical Conditio	ns atedbyExposure	An	acute exposi	ure will	not	generally aggr	avate anv medica	al help.
Section VIII -	-Emergency and	First	Aid Proce	dures				
In case of s For eye com medical he	skin contact with contact, flush with contact, flush with contact, lp.	ontent	of battery, f amount of w	lush imi vater for	med r 10	iately with wa minutes. If im	ter. itation persists, g	et
Section IX - P	recautions for S	afe H	andling an	d Use				
Steps to Be	Taken in Case Mater	ial is R	eleased or Sp	illed V	Wipe	e out by wet du	ister.	
Section X - W	aste Disposal Me	ethod						
General ab	andonment							
Section XI - P	recautions to Be	Take	n in Handl	ing an	d S	toring		
Avoid mec	hanical or electrica	l abus	se.					
Section XII -	Other Precaution	ns						
Do not sho	rt circuit, charge o	r dispo	ose of in fire	. Battery	y ma	ay explode or l	eak.	
Section XIII -	Control Measur	res						
Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) Not Available								
Ventilation	Local Exhaust Not Available			S	Special Not Available			
	Mechanical (Gene	eral)			0	Other Not Available		
Protective Gloves	Butyl	INOL F	wanable	Eye Pro	otecti	on Safe	ty Glasses	
Other Protective	Clothing or Equipme	nt				Suid	., 5145505	
Not Available								
work / mygieilic			Not Avail	able				
Section XIV -	Regulatory Info	orma	tion					



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Not Available

Section XV – Other Information

Not Available

Section XVI – Transportation Information

GOLITE 6F22 LONG LIFE BATTERY are considered to be "dry cell" batteries and are not listed as dangerous goods under below regulations:

- 1. Batteries, dry fulfills the requirement of U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), Special Provision 130, i.e. they are offered for transportation in a manner that prevents the dangerous evolution of heat (for example, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals or batteries to be packed in such a way to prevent short circuits or generation of a dangerous quantity of heat.)".
- 2. International Civil Aviation Administration (ICAO) and International Air Transport Association (IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation 60th Edition 2019), Special Provision A123, i.e. "An electrical battery or battery powered device having the potential of dangerous evolutions of heat that is not prepared so as to prevent a short-circuit (e.g. in the case of batteries, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals; or in the case of equipment, by disconnection of the battery and protection of a dangerous quantity of heat.) is forbidden from transportation."
- 3. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Regulations (IMDG) 2018 edition does not regulate these batteries.

Examples of such batteries include alkali-manganese, silver oxide, zinc carbon, nickel metal hydride and nickel-cadmium batteries.